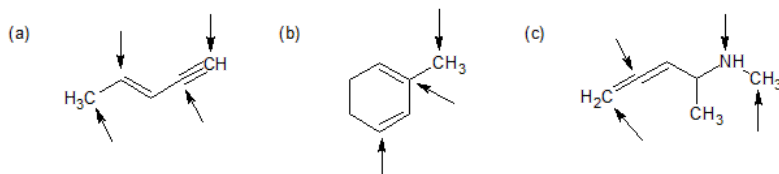


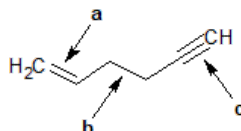
## 2.16: ADDITIONAL EXERCISES

### HYBRIDIZATION

2-1 For each of the following compounds, identify the hybridization of each carbon or nitrogen atom with an arrow pointed at it.



2-2 Rank the following bonds in order of decreasing bond length. Then rank the bonds in order from strongest to weakest.



2-3 How many sigma and pi bonds are in a molecule of ethane ( $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6$ )?

2-4 How many sigma and pi bonds are in a molecule of ethylene ( $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4$ )?

2-5 How many sigma and pi bonds are in a molecule of acetylene ( $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$ )?

### HYBRIDIZATION, ELECTRON GEOMETRY, AND MOLECULAR SHAPE

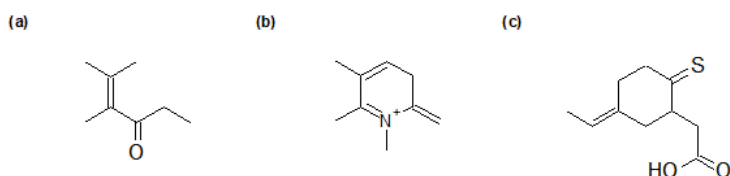
2-6 What is the hybridization state and geometry of the carbon atom in methane ( $\text{CH}_4$ )?

- a)  $sp$ , linear
- b)  $sp^3$ , tetrahedral
- c)  $sp^2$ , trigonal planar
- d) None of the above

2-7 Identify the electron geometry of the following compounds.

- a)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- b)  $\text{PF}_5$
- c)  $\text{NH}_4^+$
- d) The carbonyl carbon of acetone ( $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}$ ). (Note that double bonds between carbon and oxygen must be recognized.)

2-8 For the following compounds, identify which atoms have  $sp^2$  hybridization.

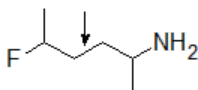


2-9 Draw the orbitals showing the geometric shape of ammonia ( $\text{NH}_3$ ). Identify its geometric shape.

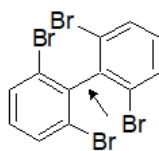
2-10 What is the geometric shape of the boron atom in  $\text{BH}_3$ ? What is the bond angle of the hydrogen atoms?

### BOND ROTATION

2-11 Will the following compound experience free rotation around the middle bond? Explain why or why not.



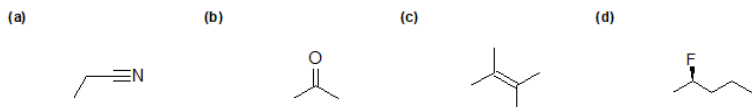
2-12 Will the following compound experience free rotation around the middle bond? Explain why or why not.



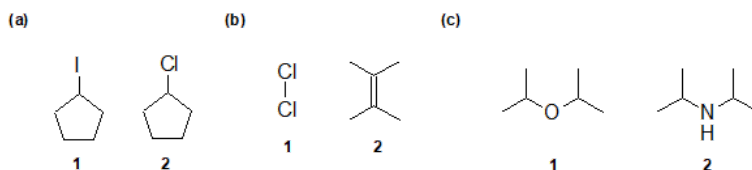
2-13 Can a molecule of ethylene experience free rotation around the C=C bond?

## POLARITY OF BONDS AND MOLECULES

2-14 For the following compounds, draw an arrow to show the direction of the dipole moment (if any).



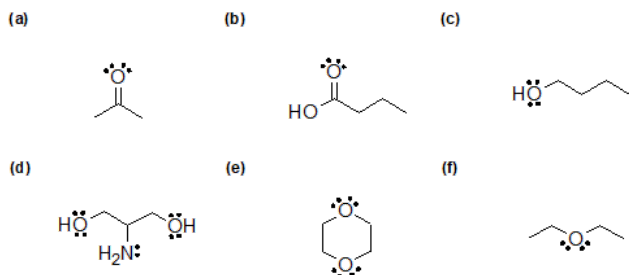
2-15 In the following pairs of compounds, identify the compound with the larger dipole moment (if any).



2-16 True or False: Generally, the larger the difference in electronegativity of connected atoms, the greater the dipole moment.

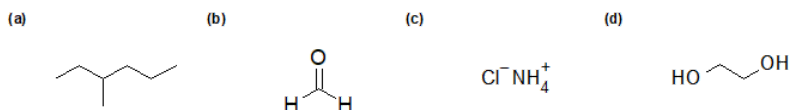
## INTERMOLECULAR FORCES (IMFS)

2-17 Identify which of the following compounds can form hydrogen bonds.



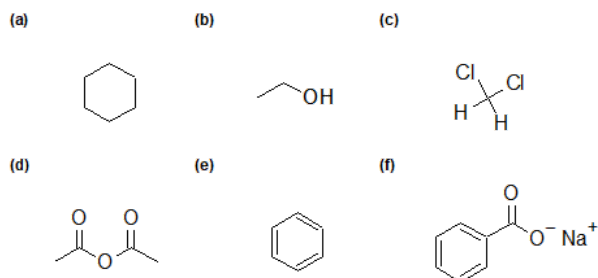
2-18 For the compounds in the previous problem ( 2-17 **above**) that can hydrogen bond, draw how they can form those bonds.

2-19 Identify what type of intermolecular force the following compounds experience.

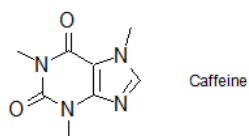


## IMFS AND SOLUBILITY

2-20 Identify whether the following compounds are miscible or soluble in water.

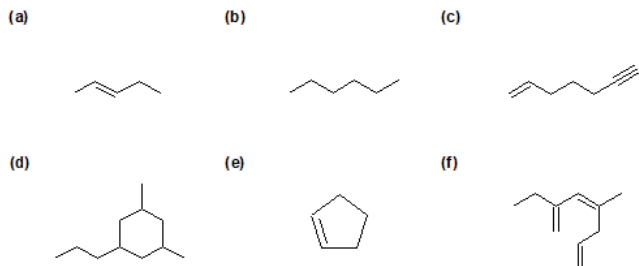


2-21 Identify which solvent, hexanes or dichloromethane (DCM), would be the better solvent to dissolve 3.0 grams of caffeine. Explain your answer.

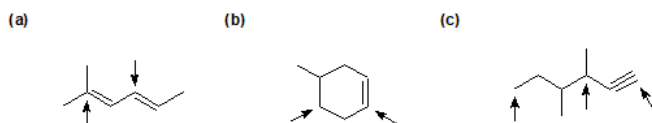


## HYDROCARBONS AND AN INTRODUCTION TO ISOMERISM

2-22 Identify whether the following hydrocarbons are alkanes, alkenes, or alkynes.



2-23 For the following compounds, identify the hybridization state of each labeled carbon.



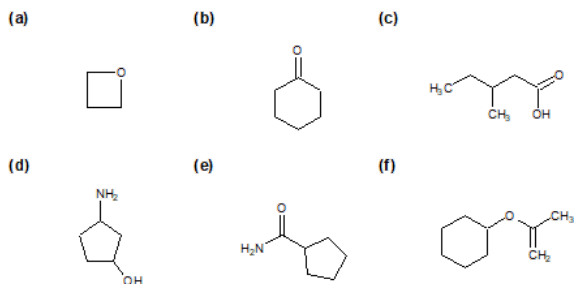
2-24 Draw all possible isomers for the following compounds.

- $C_4H_{10}$
- $C_6H_{14}$
- $C_3H_6$

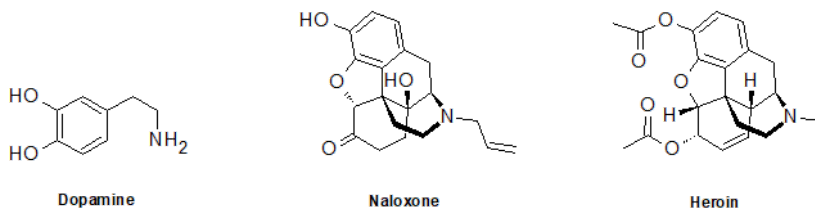
2-25 Does  $(CH_3)_2CHCCCCH_3$  show cis/trans isomerism? Explain why or why not.

## ORGANIC COMPOUNDS WITH OXYGEN

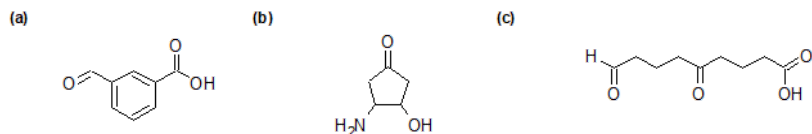
2-26 Identify the functional group(s) of each compound.



2-27 What functional groups are found in the following compounds?

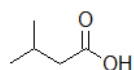


2-28 What oxygen-containing functional groups are present in the following compounds. The nitrogen-containing group is a challenge question.



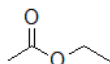
**2-29** Identify whether the functional groups on the following compounds are classified correctly. If not, give the correct classification.

(a)



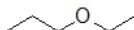
- ketone  
- alcohol

(b)



- ether  
- ketone

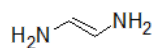
(c)



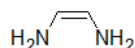
- ether

## ORGANIC COMPOUNDS WITH NITROGEN

**2-30** First, identify which of the following compounds has a dipole moment. Then, predict which of the following compounds will have the higher boiling point and explain why.



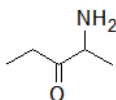
a



b

**2-31** Identify whether the functional groups on the following compounds are classified correctly. If not, give the correct classification.

(a)



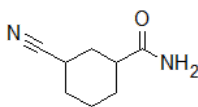
- amide

(b)



- cyanoamine

(c)



- ketone  
- amine  
- nitrile

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