

9.13: THE ROBINSON ANNULATION REACTION

OBJECTIVES

After completing this section, you should be able to

1. write an equation to illustrate the Robinson annulation reaction.
2. identify the cyclic product formed when a 1,5-diketone is treated with base.
3. identify the carbonyl compounds and any other reagents needed to synthesize a given cyclic compound by a series of reactions, one of which is a Robinson annulation.

KEY TERMS

- Robinson annulation reaction

STUDY NOTES

The building of an alicyclic compound from acyclic starting materials can present an interesting challenge to the synthetic organic chemist. One route by which such a synthesis can be achieved is through the use of the Robinson annulation reaction. This reaction, which may at first look very complex, can be readily understood once you realize that it simply involves a Michael reaction followed by an intramolecular aldol condensation. Both of these steps involve attack by enolate anions.

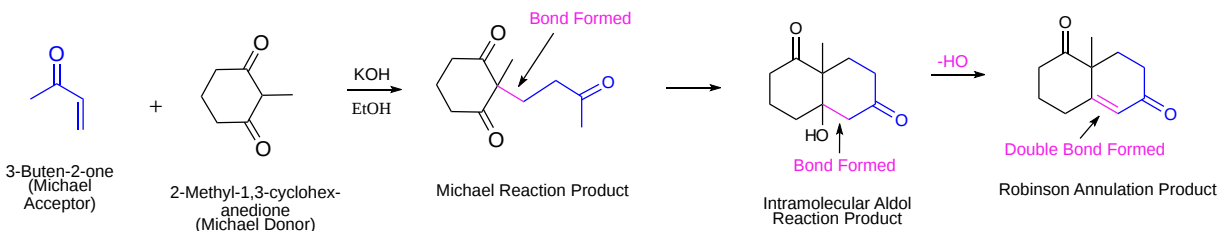
As in some of the other syntheses that you have studied, when you are simply given the structure of a compound and asked how it could have been prepared, it can be difficult to recognize which reactions might have been used. In this instance, keep in mind that you have studied relatively few reactions which have resulted in the formation of an alicyclic compound. Thus, when asked how such a compound might be prepared, you should keep the possibility of using a Robinson annulation reaction in mind.

THE ROBINSON ANNULATION

Many times the product of a Michael addition produces a dicarbonyl which can then undergo an intramolecular aldol reaction. These two processes together in one reaction creates two new carbon-carbon bonds and also creates a ring. Ring-forming reactions are called annulations after the Latin word for ring annulus. The reaction is named after English chemist Sir Robert Robinson (1886-1975) who developed it. He received the Nobel prize in chemistry in 1947. Remember that during annulations five and six membered rings are preferred.

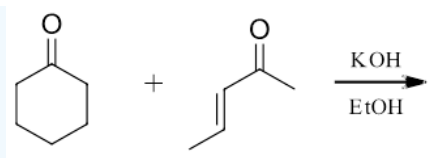
The nucleophilic enolate donor is typically an enolate ion or enamine of a cyclic ketone, β -keto ester or β -diketone. The electrophilic acceptor is usually an α, β -unsaturated ketone. In the example below, 2-methyl-1,3-cyclohexanedione is deprotonated to form an enolate which affects a Michael reaction addition on 3-buten-2-one forming a C-C bond. The product contains a 1,5-diketone fragment which can undergo an intramolecular aldol condensation. This occurs through creation of a new enolate at the methyl ketone which undergoes an intramolecular aldol reaction. A new C-C bond is formed to one of the ring carbonyls, creating a new six-membered ring. In the last step, the resulting alcohol is eliminated to form a α, β -unsaturated ketone as the final Robinson annulation product. Because the Robinson Annulation involves an aldol reaction, a full equivalent of base is required.

EXAMPLE



? WORKED EXAMPLE

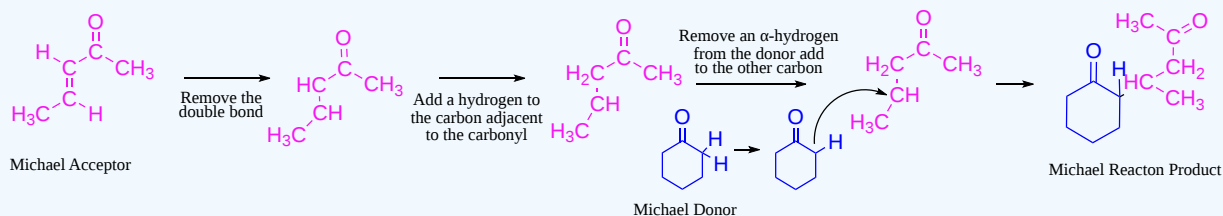
Draw the product of the following Robinson Annulation.



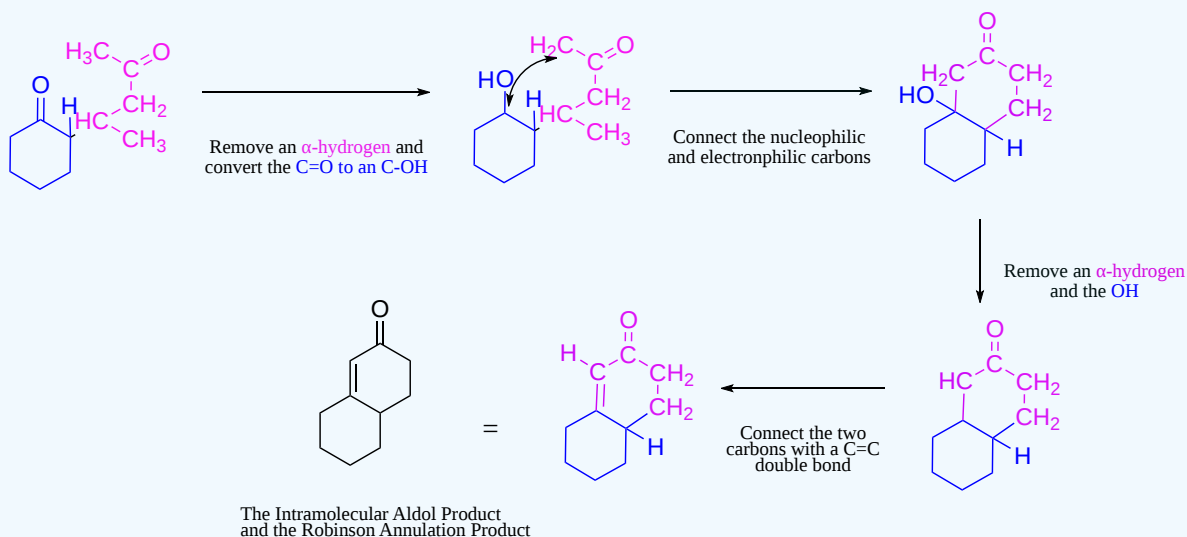
Answer

Analysis: When considering the product of a Robinson annulation it is usually best to consider each reaction individually. Use the steps discussed in [Section 23.10](#) to convert the starting materials into the product of a Michael reaction, then into the product of an intramolecular aldol condensation. If the starting materials are drawn in a skeletal structure it may be helpful to convert to a condensed formula to better keep track of carbons and hydrogens.

Formation of the Michael reaction product

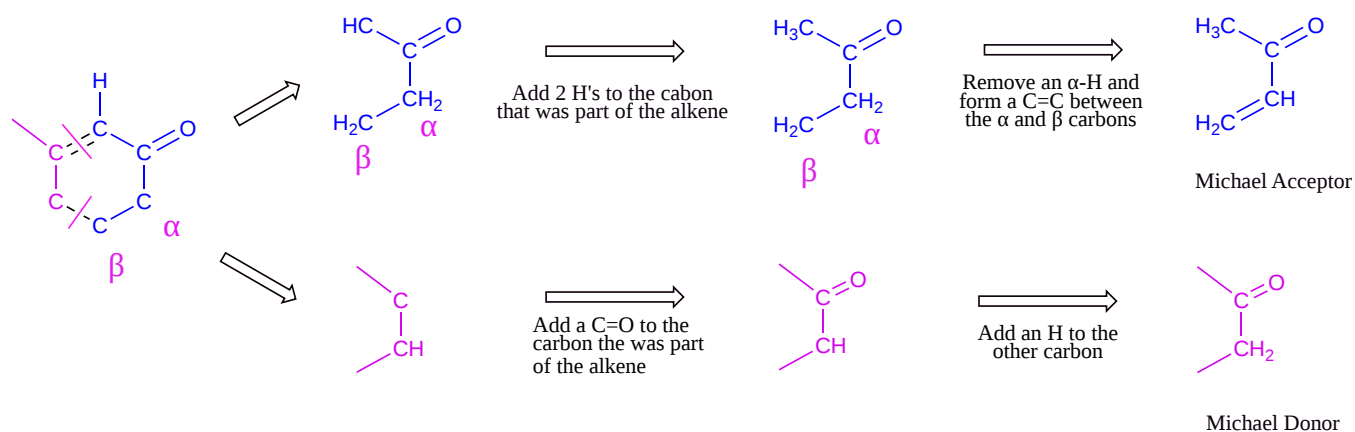


Formation of the intramolecular Aldol condensation product



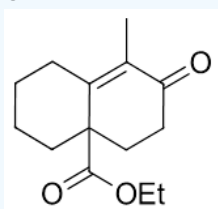
PLANNING A SYNTHESIS USING A ROBINSON ANNULATION

The presence of a cyclic, six-membered α, β -unsaturated ketone in a target molecule suggest that a Robinson Annulation may be utilized in its synthesis. The key bond cleavages are the $C=C$ bond of the α, β -unsaturated ketone and the $C-C$ bond between carbons in the α and γ on the opposite alkyl chain of the ketone.



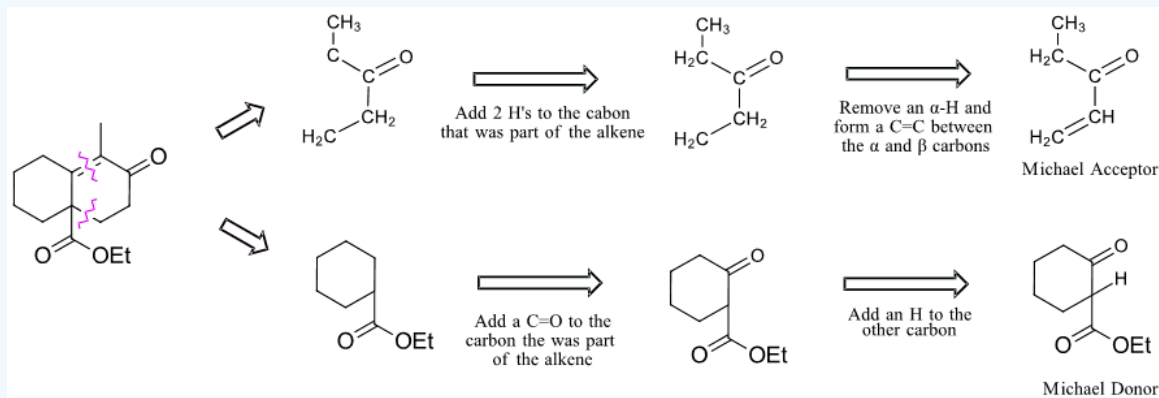
? WORKED EXAMPLE

What would be the starting materials used if the following molecule was made using a Robinson annulation?



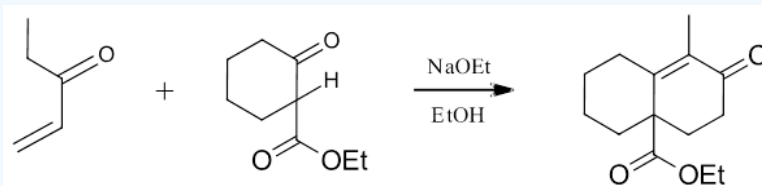
Answer

Analysis



Solution

It is necessary to use sodium ethoxide as the reaction base due to the presence of an ester.

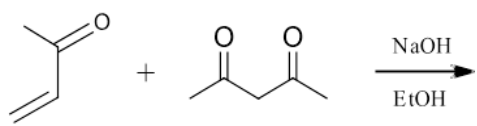


? EXERCISE 9.13.1

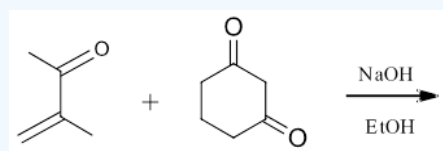
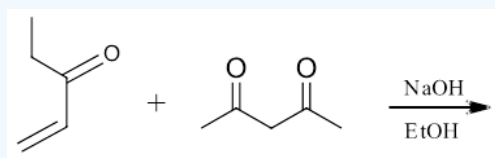
1) Provide products of the following Robinson annulations.

a)

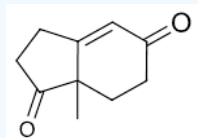
b)



c)



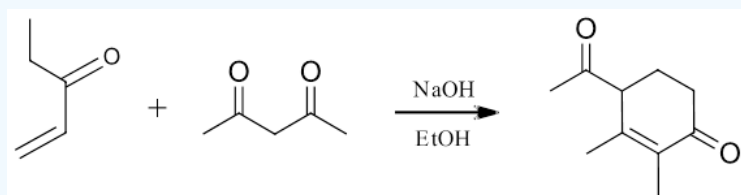
2) What would be the starting materials required to make the following molecule using a Robinson annulation?



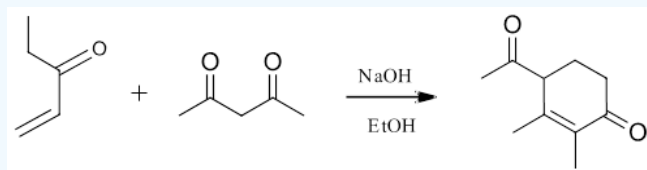
Answers

1)

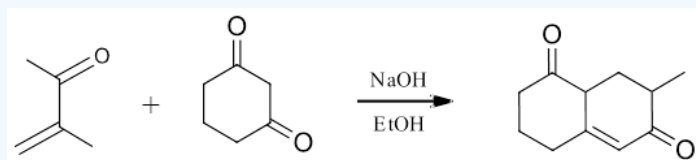
a)



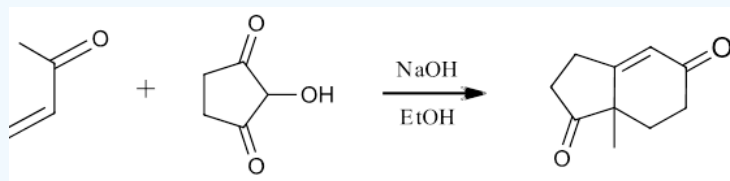
b)



c)



2)



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